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## **AMENDMENTS**

## In the Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a host suffering from a urologic disorder, said method comprising:

intravesically administering <u>in</u>to <u>the lumen of the bladder of</u> said host an effective amount of a neurotoxin to treat said host for said urologic disorder; <u>wherein</u> said administering comprises employing a delivery device with an inflateable component and said method comprises inflating said inflateable component prior to, during, or after administration of said neurotoxin.

- 2. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said host is a human.
- 3. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said urologic disorder is a bladder disorder.
- 4. (Original) The method according to Claim 3, wherein said bladder disorder is urinary incontinence.
- 5. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said neurotoxin is a botulinum toxin.
- 6. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said method further comprises intravesically administering at least one neurotoxin permeability modulating agent to said host.

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7. (Original) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said at least one neurotoxin permeability modulating agent is administered to said host prior to said neurotoxin.

- 8. (Original) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said at least one neurotoxin permeability modulating agent is administered to said host after said neurotoxin.
- 9. (Original) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said at least one neurotoxin permeability modulating agent is administered to said host simultaneously with said neurotoxin.
- 10. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said method further comprises administering to said host at least one additional agent to treat said urologic condition.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said neurotoxin is administered to said host with delivery device is a catheter.
- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said neurotoxin is administered in a reservoir.

Claims 14-15 (Canceled)

16. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said administering includes electromotive drug administration.

Claims 17-23 (Canceled)

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Please add the following new claims:

24. (New) A method of treating a host suffering from a urologic disorder, said method comprising:

intravesically administering into the lumen of the bladder of said host an effective amount of a neurotoxin to treat said host for said urologic disorder; wherein said method further comprises at least one of:

- (a) intravesically administering said neurotoxin with delivery device that includes an expandable element that occupies a space within the bladder during said administering;
- (b) intravesically administering said neurotoxin with a delivery device that includes an element that fixes said delivery device within the bladder; and
- (c) intravesically administering said neurotoxin in manner sufficient to enhance neurotoxin contact with the inside of the bladder.
- 25. (New) The method according to Claim 24, wherein said method comprises intravesically administering said neurotoxin with delivery device that includes an expandable element that occupies a space within the bladder during said administering.
- 26. (New) The method according to Claim 24, wherein said method comprises intravesically administering said neurotoxin with a delivery device that includes an element that fixes said delivery device within the bladder
- 27. (New) The method according to Claim 24, wherein said method comprises intravesically administering said neurotoxin in manner sufficient to enhance neurotoxin contact with the inside of the bladder.
- 28. (New) A method of treating a host suffering from a urologic disorder, said method comprising:

emptying the bladder of said host;

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intravesically administering at least one neurotoxin permeability modulating agent to said host; and

intravesically administering to the lumen of the bladder of said host an effective amount of a neurotoxin to treat said host for said urologic disorder.

- 29. (New) The method according to Claim 28, wherein said host is a human.
- 30. (New) The method according to Claim 28, wherein said urologic disorder is a bladder disorder.
- 31. (New) The method according to Claim 30, wherein said bladder disorder is urinary incontinence.
- 32. (New) The method according to Claim 28, wherein said neurotoxin is a botulinum toxin.